VOLUME II

APPENDIX G

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

THE CENTRAL NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER AND IRRIGATION DISTRICT FERC PROJECT NO. 1417

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

This Appendix G provides a detailed description of current recreational opportunities and uses associated with the Project. This Appendix G may be modified from time to time as may be appropriate to reflect changes in recreational opportunities and uses.

INTRODUCTION

This Detailed Description of Project Recreational Opportunities documents currently existing recreational development and opportunities at each of the lakes, and on the canal system at Central's Kingsley Dam Hydro Power Project, FERC Project No. 1417 (Project). Some information presented here may be redundant of other sections of the LSMP. In particular, physical descriptions of the lakes and canal system may be redundant of information contained in Appendix F (Detailed Physical Description of Project Lands and Waters).

As a general policy, Central considers all of its shorelines adjacent to the lakes and canal system open to public access, unless an operational safety concern, natural hazard, or environmental protection issue requires access restrictions. Central has leased much of the land within the FERC Project boundary and adjacent to the lakes to the NGPC, for use as State Recreation Areas (SRA's) or Wildlife Management Areas (WMA's). As a result, the majority of existing public park camping, and water access facilities on the lakes are managed by the NGPC, pursuant to the terms of their leases with Central. Concessionaires providing public marina type and related recreation facilities on Lake McConaughy sublease these sites from the NGPC. On Johnson Lake, concessionaires lease the sites inside the FERC Project boundary directly from Central. Presently (2009) no concessions have been authorized on other Project lakes. Central also leases Project lands for agricultural uses when doing so is compatible with Project operations and with Central's public recreation objectives.

The residential homes and seasonal cabins that exist in proximity to the lakeshores are located on private property or on land leased from Central. These leased sites within Central's Right of Way are both within and outside the Project boundary. Central Recreation Facilities and

Activities found in Tables G-1 and G-2 at the end of this section illustrate significant existing recreational facilities, such as boat ramps, boating, recreational vehicles, fishing, hunting, canoeing, campgrounds, picnic areas, and concessions supporting public recreation needs.

Lake McConaughy

Lake McConaughy, the largest reservoir in the system, provides the most diverse public recreation opportunities within the Project area, and is one of Nebraska's most popular recreation attractions, according to the Nebraska Division of Travel and Tourism. The lake, and the surrounding shoreline and lands, are used for a wide variety of recreational pursuits.

The lake is the site of the annual Governor's Cup Sailboat Regatta, nationally sanctioned powerboat races have been held on its waters, air shows have occupied the sky above the lake, and marathons have been run on the land around the lake. "Women's Sports and Fitness" magazine rated Lake McConaughy as one of 10 world-class sail boarding destinations, including sites in California, Florida, the Caribbean and Italy. During the winter months, outdoor-recreation enthusiasts enjoy iceboat wind sailing, as well as ice-skating and ice fishing. These diverse recreational opportunities, combined with the media recognition, contribute to the fact that this lake, located in a relatively sparsely populated area of Nebraska, is so well known. Although the closest major metropolitan area, Denver, is 200 miles away, the lake is very popular with people from that locale. According to NGPC staff, Lake McConaughy can provide recreational opportunity for over 532,000 visitor days in a year.

Lake McConaughy is 21 miles long and up to 4 miles wide, with 30,500 surface acres and 76 miles of shoreline. The western portion of Lake McConaughy is shallow, with the North Platte River winding through a vast wetland area. The lake reaches its maximum depth of 135 feet near the control structure of Central's project. The Dam is three miles long and forms the eastern border of the lake.

The north shore of Lake McConaughy is dominated by grassy sand hills, but the absence of grass on sections of the lakeshore exposes fine white sand beaches, ideal for

recreational activities. High steep clay bluffs border approximately five miles of the south shore of the lake, beginning at the Dam. The bluffs gradually decrease in height; terrain becomes similar to that of the north shore, with sandy grassland, rocky outcrops, and sand beaches. The east-west orientation of the lake, with wetlands on the west and the Dam to the east, focuses development and lake access and recreation areas to occur along the north and south shores.

Recreation Opportunities

Lake McConaughy provides diverse recreation uses and opportunities along the shoreline, including residential development, fully developed campgrounds and recreation areas, primitive camping areas, and commercial marinas, as detailed on Table G-1 Lake McConaughy Recreation Facilities.

All of Central's land within the FERC Project boundary surrounding Lake McConaughy, as well as some areas outside the FERC Project boundary, with the exception of the Dam area and four residential lease areas, are leased to NGPC either for public recreation or wildlife management purposes. NGPC subleases parcels of its leased recreation land to private concessionaires who operate recreation-related businesses around the lake. There are five concessionaires on the lake: three on the north shore, the fourth on the south end of the Dam, and the fifth in the middle of the south shore.

Lake McConaughy provides excellent fishing and boating, as well as other water-based activities, including hunting, sail boating, windsurfing, swimming, picnicking, ice-boating, water-skiing, SCUBA diving, spear fishing, bird watching, camping, sand volleyball, primitive camping, developed camping, power boating, jet skiing, ice skating, cross country skiing, and snowmobiling.

Fishing opportunities exist throughout the year. Game fish available in the lake include rainbow trout, channel catfish, walleye, northern pike, white bass, smallmouth bass, and tiger muskie. A few large striped bass still remain in the lake from stocking in the 1970s and 1980s. Recent stocking of wipers, a white

bass/striped bass hybrid, has provided anglers with memorable tackle-testing challenges. Fishing tournaments are frequently held at the lake, and SCUBA divers search the waters for trophy fish in the Nebraska State Spearfishing Championships.

A variety of game animals are drawn to the Clear Creek WMA by the plentiful food and ample cover. These, in turn, draw hunters, birdwatchers, nature photographers and hikers to the management area. A portion of the WMA is managed for public hunting and other activities, while the rest is managed as a refuge with restricted public access. Game animals include white-tailed and mule deer, wild turkey, ducks, geese, pheasant, quail, prairie chicken, grouse, songbirds, eagles, hawks, rabbits, antelope, and squirrels. Additional bird watching opportunities exist during the spring and fall migrations, with white pelicans and sandhill cranes, and an occasional whooping crane has been recorded.

While much of the shore of Lake McConaughy is undeveloped, there are several developed recreation areas and numerous private concessionaires. The recreation areas along the north shore, the south shore, and the leased cabin areas are discussed briefly in the following sections of this report. A summary of existing recreation facilities is provided in Table H-1.

The North Shore

The following recreation areas and facilities are located, moving from west to east, along the north shoreline of Lake McConaughy.

Omaha Beach – An NGPC public recreation area, Omaha Beach has picnic facilities, primitive campsites, trash receptacles, and a boat ramp. Drinking water and toilet facilities are also available. The Marina Landing concession, located on private land just east of Omaha Beach, offers hunting, fishing, camping, and boating supplies, as well as groceries, gas, state hunting and fishing permits, a motel, a self serve laundry, guide service, and a restaurant.

Cedar Vue – This NGPC public campground facility is designed for campers who don't want to "rough it." The campground provides diverse amenities, including all-weather camping pads, electrical hookups, a shower-latrine building, two low-water boat ramps, a sandy beach, an observation point, two playgrounds, drinking water, a pay telephone, grills, picnic tables, fish-cleaning station, trash receptacles, a trailer dump station, blacktop roads, and this area is handicap accessible.

Otter Creek – This NGPC public recreation area is sometimes referred to as "the fisherman's headquarters," the NGPC Otter Creek recreation area has one boat ramp, in a sheltered cove, which facilitates mooring near primitive campsites. This camping area also offers picnic tables, a fish-cleaning station, primitive toilets, trash receptacles, a cookout area and hiking trails.

The Otter Creek Lodge, adjacent to the recreation area, owns and operates rental cabins and trailers, a mobile home park, in addition to retail fishing and camping supplies, gas, and groceries. The Lodge also offers dining facilities, a guide service and boat launching services.

Spring Park – The NGPC Spring Park is a rustic campground providing picnic tables, grills and playground equipment within a stand of mature cottonwood trees. The facilities also include a boat ramp and an observation point.

Admiral's Cove – This NGPC public recreation area provides primitive camping and picnic facilities. The Admiral's Cove concession offers cabin, jet ski rentals, camping supplies, permits, gas, groceries, a restaurant, boat launching, boat slip rental and other marina-related items.

North Shore – This NGPC recreation area offers a primitive campground, a small area with picnic tables, RV parking, grills, and a boat ramp. The adjacent concessionaire, North Shore Lodge, offers overnight lodging facilities, fishing and camping supplies, a marina, cabin rentals, boat launching, gas, groceries, a trailer

park, R.V. pads with full camper hook-ups, showers, trash receptacles, and a restaurant.

Sandy Beach – This appropriately named NGPC public recreation area is popular for swimming. It also serves as a sailboat launching, wind surfing, and camping on the beach is permitted. The west area features picnic tables and primitive campsites. NGPC has recently improved the east area with the addition of new facilities and paved roads.

Arthur Bay – This NGPC public recreation area and offers paved roads and a sandy beach. Facilities are varied, with both primitive or developed campsites and showers and flush toilets or primitive toilets available. Additional amenities in this area include trash receptacles, a pay phone, an information area, picnic tables and the area includes handicap facilities.

Little Thunder Bay – This NGPC public campground area provides paved roads and camping pads, recreational vehicle hook-ups, showers, flush toilets and handicap accessible facilities.

Martin Bay – Located next to the Dam is one of the most heavily used NGPC public recreation areas on Lake McConaughy. It offers a wide array of facilities and services that are popular with anglers, pleasure boaters, water skiers, sailors, wind surfers, jet skiers, and swimmers. In the winter months, this location offers ice fishing and ice skating. This area is handicap accessible. These recently improved facilities include: paved roads, low-water boat ramp, sandy beach, sanitary disposal station, ample tree shade, playgrounds, picnic tables, improved campsites, fish-cleaning stations, and flush toilets and showers.

The South Shore

Moving from east to west, the following recreation areas and facilities are located along the south shoreline of Lake McConaughy.

Kingsley Lodge – This NGPC recreation area is located off Highway 61 at the south-end of Kingsley Dam that looks out over the lake and offers cabin and boat rentals, camping and fishing supplies, groceries, mobile home park and gasoline. An additional nearby concession is the Hilltop Inn, a restaurant and lounge providing a panoramic view of the lake.

Spillway Bay – Located at the southeastern corner of the lake, this NGPC public recreation area serves anglers interested in fishing the area near the Dam and the rocky points off the south shore. It features two low-water boat ramps, block-and-tackle equipment for sailboat masts, toilet facilities, picnic tables and a floating pump-out station for boats. The NGPC Visitor & Water Interpretive Center is located south of Spillway Bay and offers information on the Lake and region, gift shop, educational displays, conference room, theater, sells park entry permits and hunting and fishing licenses. Central donated its (non-Project) land to the NGPC for this purpose.

Divers Bay and Million Dollar Bay – These two bays provide sheltered coves where nearby residents store their boats. Million Dollar Bay has a variety of individual and cluster docks, covered slips, as well as boats moored off shore.

Ogallala Beach – This access area includes a primitive campground, toilets, water, picnic tables and a sandy beach.

Van's Lakeview Fishing Camp – This NGPC recreation area is currently the only lakeside concession on the south side of Lake McConaughy. Van's offers boat and cabin rentals, trailer camp sites with electrical and water hookups, primitive campground, play ground, picnic tables, food, convenience store, a shower house with toilets, boat ramp and boat launching services, gasoline, drinking water and a sanitary dump station.

Eagle Gulch Cove – This NGPC public recreation area provides primitive camping, picnic tables, water, and a boat ramp. Hunters and fishermen seeking a more remote area of the lake frequent this area. A nearby concession on private

land offers food, groceries, modern and primitive campgrounds, RV pads with electrical hookups, cabin rentals and fishing supplies.

Leased Cabin Areas

Central has entered into a master lease with the Lake McConaughy Lessees, Inc. (LMLI) for the purpose of managing and subleasing four cabin areas on the lake. Three relatively small cabin areas (K-2, K-3 and K-4) are located along the length of the north shore, near the east, middle and west ends of the lakes. The fourth cabin area (K-1) is fairly large, and is located on the bluffs of the south shore, near the Dam. K-1 has private docks and boat stalls along the shoreline. Designated as "Private Cabin Areas K1, K2, K3, and K4," these areas contain a total of 125 permanent residences and summer vacation cabins.

LAKE OGALLALA

Lake Ogallala lies below Kingsley Dam and was created when sand was pumped from the riverbed to form the downstream side of the Dam (See Management Classification Map 2 in LSMP Appendix A). The lake is relatively shallow, covers 650 surface acres at full capacity and has approximately four miles of shoreline within Central's Project boundary. With the exception of the Project Works shoreline classification areas that are restricted for safety reasons, the entire shoreline is open for public recreational access. The NGPC leases all of the shoreline within Central's FERC Project for recreation or wildlife management, except for the Project Works area.

Recreation Opportunities

The NGPC has developed and manages recreation facilities in the vicinity for camping, picnicking, and fishing, including two campgrounds near the lake. The east-side campground is highly developed and offers 82 all-weather camping pads, 18 electrical hookups, flush toilets, hot showers, and fire grates. Picnic tables, water faucets, and trash receptacles are available throughout the site. There are also campsites and

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Only the "north-south" or the "western half" of the lake is within the Project. The eastern arm of the lake is part of the Nebraska Public Power District's FERC Project 1835.

restrooms with showers that have been designed and built with handicap accessible facilities. There is also a 1.8 mile hiking trail. NGPC has added a handicap-accessible fishing dock and a short bridge across the cove at the north end of the lake. The west side of the lake offers camping and boating access facilities, including two boat ramps, fish-cleaning stations, primitive camping facilities, toilet facilities, trash receptacles, and playground equipment.

Central constructed a multi-purpose structure and eagle viewing facility on the west side of the Lake near the Project Works classification area in 1998. The continuously flowing water from Lake McConaughy keeps the portion of Lake Ogallala immediately below this plant open in the winter, providing prime fishing opportunities for numerous bald eagles and other bird species. The viewing facility is free to the public and offers an up-close view of eagles, coyotes, ducks, geese, deer, turkeys and other wildlife. Picnic tables and restroom facilities are also located at the site.

The cold water, drawn from the bottom of Lake McConaughy, flowing into Lake Ogallala creates an ideal habitat for trout, and as a result the lake is a popular fishing venue. NGPC regularly stocks trout in Lake Ogallala because there is no natural reproduction. Lake Ogallala has also been designated as a wakeless boating lake. The lake also supports sport fish species such as yellow perch, channel catfish, white bass, and walleye. During the winter the lake becomes a popular site for ice fishing. Waterfowl hunting is also an attraction at Lake Ogallala.

THE SUPPLY CANAL SYSTEM

Central's 75-mile-long Supply Canal system flows east through the Platte River Valley and canyonland country. The canal's Diversion Dam is on the Platte River below the confluence of the North Platte and South Platte Rivers and east of the town of North Platte in Lincoln County, approximately 50 miles downstream of Central's Lake McConaughy. The Diversion Dam diverts Platte River flow into the 75-mile long Central Supply Canal, which flows east through Lincoln, Dawson, and Gosper Counties and then empties back into the Platte River. The Supply Canal incorporates 27 dams and impoundments and three 18-Megawatt hydroelectric power plants (Jeffrey, Johnson No. 1, and Johnson No. 2).

Central's Supply Canal system is generally open to the public recreational access, with the exception of Project Works classification areas where safety concerns are a priority. Fishing is the most popular activity on the canal. The canal system has been designated as a wakeless boating area, with boat speed not to exceed 5 mph. Recreation uses include fishing, hiking, boating, nature photography, hunting, picnicking and canoeing on the canal.

Recreation Opportunities

The majority of the lakes throughout the Supply Canal system are canyon lakes. The canyon lakes support diverse recreational activities, such as fishing and boating. However, land-based activities such as nature photography, hiking, hunting, and picnicking are more common due to the steep banks. Central allows public access to the banks and waters of the Supply Canal system for fishing and boating within the confines of the wakeless boating designation; however, many areas of the Supply Canal have steep banks that are susceptible to erosion. These areas will be monitored to determine if fishing or related shoreline activity is causing additional erosion or slumping. If problems are apparent, Central will consult with interested agencies to identify reasonable and effective site-specific options to address the issue.

All of the shoreline and waters of this canyon lake are open for public recreational access, except where access is limited for Project Works areas, safety, environmental or other reasons. NGPC leases one small area as a WMA. The WMA contains the only

public boat ramp on Jeffrey Reservoir, primitive campsite, and a pit toilet. The remainder of the land around the shore is residential, agricultural or open space. Table H-2 depicts specific recreation facilities and uses by lake.

The Supply Canal System - Lincoln County

Within Lincoln County, the Supply Canal originates in the flat Platte Valley bottomland, and crops are often planted adjacent to the canal and Central's Right of Way. As the canal flows between the loess hills south of the Platte River, deep canyons and steep banks characterize the land. When the Project was originally constructed, dams were often built across the north ends of the canyons, creating the canyon lakes.

Recreation Opportunities

A variety of recreational activities are available at these lakes, but they are generally land-based, due to the steep banks around the lakes. Dove and waterfowl hunting are among the most popular activities, with picnicking, hiking, fishing and nature photography also occurring in the area.

Jeffrey Reservoir

Jeffrey Reservoir is a canyon lake with 575 surface acres and 25 miles of shoreline, and is the westernmost impoundment along the Supply Canal with shoreline residential development. (See Management Classification Map 8 in LSMP Appendix A.) Residential development is located on the north side of Jeffrey Reservoir at the west end of the dam, and along much of the eastern shore. Most of these cabins and homes are located within Central's Project boundary.

The dam and Central's operations area on the north end of the lake incorporate a powerhouse, a permanent boat dock facility, four small residences and a lodge that Central uses for conferences and meetings.

The west side of Jeffrey Reservoir is almost inaccessible due to steep bluffs rising from the shoreline and the lack of roads. However, waterfowl hunting is very popular in this area, and private waterfowl blinds on the west edge of the lake take advantage of the

large numbers of migratory birds that frequent the lake in the fall. Other recreational activities supported by Jeffrey Reservoir include fishing for white bass, walleye, channel catfish, and crappie, as well as primitive camping, picnicking, canoeing, boating, hiking, and hunting. Water skiing, power boating and jet skiing are also popular on Jeffrey Reservoir.

Midway Lakes

West Midway Lake, 116 surface acres, is used primarily for hunting and fishing because it is very shallow. Access to the lake is limited, as the only access is by unimproved road through private property.

Central Midway Lake is large, with 341 surface acres, and convenient road access to several sections of the lake. These waters are used for fishing, boating, water skiing, waterfowl hunting and other recreational pursuits. There are two residential developments inside Central's Project boundary. Central has leased these to the Midway Wildlife and Recreation Club on the express condition that the Project lands and waters remain open to public use.

Camp Comeca (Camp) is a Methodist conference center that occupies private land near the east side of Central Midway Lake. The Camp has several buildings, including a new hotel-style building, large gymnasium, indoor swimming pool, large dining hall, chapel and other structures and outbuildings. While the Camp does not have direct access to the lake, visitors to the camp frequently use the lake as part of the Camp activities and programs.

East Midway Lake consists of two lakes connected by a short span of canal. The western lake is approximately 82 surface acres, while the smaller adjacent lake contains 22 surface acres. These waters are used for fishing, boating, water skiing, waterfowl hunting and other recreational pursuits. One small area of leased cabins is located within Central's Project boundary on the north edge of the western lake.

Gallagher Canyon Lake

Gallagher Canyon Lake has 182 surface acres of water, has 15 miles of jagged shoreline, including one mile-long arm. (See Management Classification Map 12 in LSMP Appendix A.) The NGPC has leased land within Central's Project boundary, on the north boundary of the lake, for an SRA. This public park area is forested with evergreen and cottonwood trees and has primitive camping sites, a boat ramp, grills, toilets, and playground equipment. (See Table G-2 Central Recreation Facilities and Activities.)

Even though the lake is a fairly large, due to its shallow water and narrow channel it is designated for wakeless boating only. For that reason, most of the water recreation involves fishing, canoeing and swimming. Hunting, snowmobiling and cross-country skiing are also popular activities. There are numerous hiking trails in the area. In the winter, the area and its many trails are popular with snowmobile users and cross-country skiers. Game fish in the lake include white bass, crappie, drum, catfish and walleye.

Plum Creek Canyon Lake

Plum Creek Canyon Lake has 252 surface acres and is a shallow, long and narrow lake. The NGPC leases a small WMA on the south shore and provides a boat ramp facility at that location. The recreational activities on the lake and surrounding area are similar to the other canyon lakes, including fishing, hunting, boating, picnicking, water skiing, and relaxing. Central has several residential leased lots and there are also several deeded residential lots adjacent to the Project.

Johnson Lake

Johnson Lake is the largest lake along the Supply Canal, with 2,500 surface acres, and it is the only lake in the system that lies within two counties. The northern half of Johnson Lake is located in Dawson County, while the southern half of the Lake and the canal are located in Gosper County. Public recreational access is provided on the entire shoreline within the FERC Project boundary. Summertime activities cover the entire spectrum of recreational activities, including boating, picnicking, camping, fishing,

hiking, sailing, golfing and wildlife viewing. Wintertime activities include ice fishing, ice-skating, cross-country skiing, and snowmobiling.

The NGPC leases two parcels of Central property for SRA's on Lake Johnson. The SRA adjacent to the western inlet canal is heavily used for fishing and boat access. The south side of the inlet has a modern camping area with gravel camping pads, electrical hookups, and modern restrooms. There is a boat ramp and a fish-cleaning station, as well as a handicap-accessible fishing pier. The north side of the inlet offers primitive camping only, portable toilets, drinking water, and another handicap-accessible fishing pier. The second SRA is located at the southeast end of the lake and has extensive campground facilities, including 81 gravel camping pads with electrical hookups, excellent facilities including restrooms and shower buildings with access to the facilities for the handicapped, and a dump station. A modern fish-cleaning station was recently added to the site. A swimming beach, marked with buoys during the summer months, is also located in this area.

The seven recreation concessionaires on the Lake lease directly from Central. One concession is a marina located on the north side of the eastern outlet canal offers boat docks, boat ramp, gas, storage facilities, jet-ski rentals, and sells other items generally associated with a marina. Three concessionaires on the south side of the eastern outlet canal offer boat and sailboat slip rentals. Also located in this area is a full service marina concession offering a boat ramp, dock, gas, boat rentals, cabin rentals, R.V. sites, a restaurant and sales of related items associated with a marina. The sixth concessionaire is located on the cove in the northwest portion of the Lake. This concession is also a full service marina offering a boat ramp, dock, gas, boat slip rentals, jet ski and boat rentals, R.V. sites, a restaurant, cabin rentals and sale of marina-related items. The seventh concessionaire is also located in this area offering docks and shore stations for sale and the service to install docks and shore stations in the spring and remove them in the fall.

Almost the entire shoreline has been developed with leased residential and deeded lots.

Adjacent to the lake at the dam is the Lakeside Country Club's 18-hole golf club, which is open to the public. The golf course lies downstream of the dam, laying both inside and out of Central's Project boundary.

One area of Johnson Lake (the island) has been designated as a RPC area because of bald eagle and migratory waterfowl use, with a second area located just below the J-1 Hydro Facility.

Supply Canal System / Gosper County

The Supply Canal system in Gosper County travels through Phillips Lake, East Phillips Lake and Little Knapple Lake. East Phillips Lake has a surface area of 142 acres and three long arms that reach south from the main body of the lake. It is the last major canyon lake within Central's Project boundary.

Recreation Opportunities

The NGPC has leased land for a WMA within Central's Project boundary. This 13-acre site provides a boat ramp, primitive camping sites, and a well for recreationists. East Phillips Lakes is generally open to the public for hunting, fishing and other land and water-based recreational activities.

Table G-1: Lake McConaughy Recreation Facilities

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	Omaha Beach	Cedar Vue	Otter Creek Lodge	Spring Park	Admiral's Cove	North Shore Lodge	Sandy Beach	Arthur Bay	Martin Bay	Kingsley	Divers Bay	Million Dollar Bay	Brown's Bay	Ogallala Beach	Van's Lakeview	Eagle Gulch Cove
	Om	Cer	Ott	Spr	Adı	No	San	Art	Ma	Ki	Div	Mi	Br	Ogs	Var	Еав
Information and/or Visitors Center		•	•		•	•			•	•					•	•
Concessionaire	♦		♦		♦	♦				♦					♦	♦
Restaurant or Food			♦		♦	♦				♦					♦	♦
Groceries	♦		♦		•	•				♦					♦	♦
Trailer Park			♦		♦	♦				♦					♦	•
Modern Campground		♦				♦		♦	♦						♦	♦
Camping Pads w/ Electrical Hookups		•			♦	♦			*						•	•
Primitive Campground	♦	•		•	•		•	•	♦	•	•	•	♦	♦	♦	•
Rental Cabins or Motel			•		•	•				•					♦	•
Marina			•		*	*				•					•	
Boat Rental										♦					♦	
Marine Supplies &			♦		♦	♦				♦					♦	
Service																
Boat Launching			♦		♦	♦				♦					♦	
Boat Ramp	•	♦	♦	♦	♦		♦	♦	♦	♦	♦		♦		•	•
Fish Cleaning Station		♦	•			•			•						•	
Fishing Supplies	•		•		♦	•				•					•	
RV Dump Station		•							•	•				L.		<u> </u>
Toilets	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	♦	•				•	•	•
Drinking Water	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	♦	•	•		•	•	•
Picnic Tables	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•	•
Fire Grates		•					•	•	♦					•	•	•
Observation Point		♦		•						•						
Handicapped Accessible		•						•	•							

Table G-2: Central Recreation Facilities and Activities

Facilities and Activities	Improved Boat Ramp	Wakeless Boating Only	Parks	Picnic Areas	Modern Campgrounds	Primitive Camping Permitted	Cottage/ Cabin Sites	Handicapped Access	Hiking	Swimming Areas	Playground Areas	Wildlife Management Area		Fishing	Winter Sports	Marinas	Fishing Supplies & Sundries Sales	Restaurant	Lounge/Bar	Gasoline Sales	Golf Courses	Overlooks or Scenic Views	Visitors Center & Meeting Facilities	Recreational Vehicles	Canoeing	Boating
Name																										
Lake McConaughy	•		•	♦	•	•	♦	•	♦	♦	♦	♦	•	•	•	♦	•	♦	•	♦	♦	*	•	•	♦	•
Lake Ogallala	♦	•	♦	♦	♦	♦		•	♦		♦		♦	♦	♦							*	•	♦	•	•
Central Supply Canal		♦				♦			♦				♦	♦	♦							*			♦	
Boxelder Canyon						♦			♦			•	♦	♦	•							•			♦	
Cottonwood Canyon		♦				♦			♦				•	♦	♦							•			♦	
Target Canyon		♦				♦			♦				♦	♦	♦							•			♦	
Snell Canyon		♦				♦			♦				♦	♦	♦							•			•	
Jeffrey Reservoir	•			♦		♦	♦		•			•	♦	♦	♦							•		♦	•	•
Hiles Canyon		♦				♦			♦				•	♦	♦							•			♦	
West Midway		♦				♦			•				♦	♦	♦							•			♦	
Central Midway						♦	•		•				♦	♦	♦							•			♦	•
East Midway						♦	•		•				•	♦	•							•			•	•
Gallagher Canyon	•	♦	♦	♦		♦			♦		♦		•	♦	♦							*		♦	•	•
Plum Creek Canyon				♦		♦	•		♦				•	♦	•							•			♦	♦
Johnson Lake	•		♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦		♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦		♦	♦
Phillips		♦				♦			♦				♦	♦	♦							•			•	
East Phillips				♦		♦			♦				♦	♦	♦							♦			•	♦
Little Knapple		♦				♦	♦		•				•	•	•							*			•	